

- Phacoemulsification is one of the most frequent surgical techniques used for cataract removal .
- In addition to restore vision, phacoemulsification has been shown to decrease intraocular pressure (IOP) in patients with and without glaucoma .
- Because elevated IOP is the main risk factor in the development and progression of glaucoma, phacoemulsification with foldable intraocular lens implantation (IOL) has been implicated to treat both Cataract and Glaucoma.



Assessment of Anterior Chamber Angle(ACA)

- Essential part of the ophthalmological examination.
- It is intrinsically related to the diagnosis and treatment of glaucoma .
- Has a role in its prevention In patients with glaucoma or glaucoma suspicion.
- A careful assessment of the ACA should always be performed.

Assessment of Anterior Chamber Angle(ACA)

- Slit-lamp gonioscopy
- limbal anterior chamber depth measurement (LACDM)Van Herick test
- Ultrasound bio microscopy





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Assessment of Anterior Chamber Angle(ACA)

- Anterior segment optical coherence tomography
- Rotational Scheimpflug camera
- New gonio-photographic systems

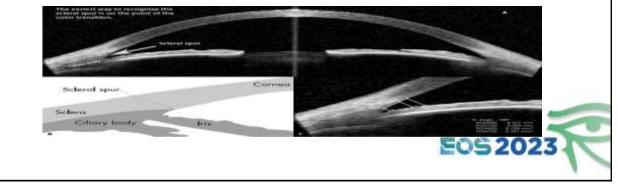


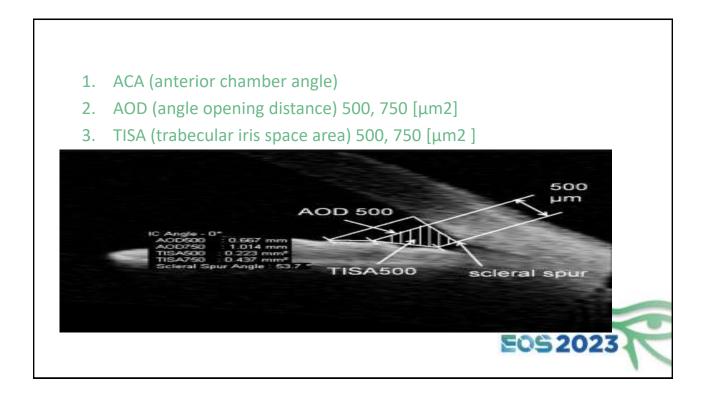
Comparison of anterior segment imaging modalities for assessing ACA

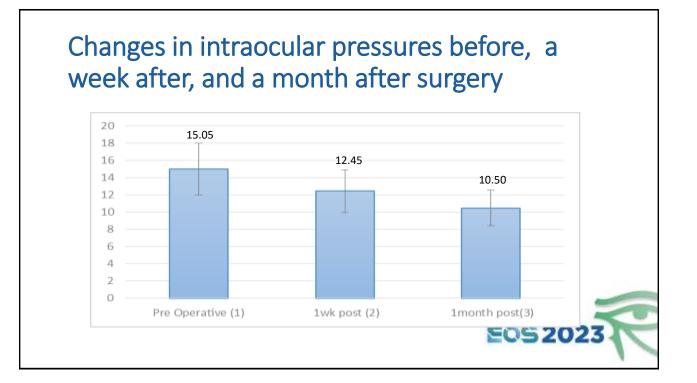
Imaging system	Correlation with gonioscopy	Advantages	Limitations
Slit scan topography	N/A	Noncontact	No visualization of angle, ciliary body or sulcus
Rotational Scheimpflug camera	++	Noncontact	No visualization of angle, ciliary body or sulcus
ASOCT	+++	Noncontact Direct angle visualization Some visualization of ciliary body and sulcus	Requires identification of scleral spur
UBM	+++	Excellent visualization of angle, ciliary body and sulcus	Requires contact, Require identification of scleral spur
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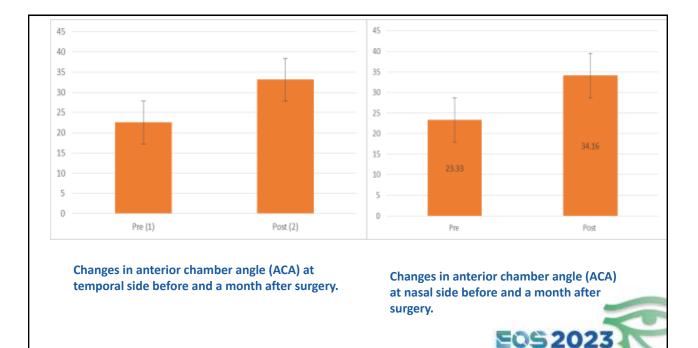
Angle parameters by AS OCT

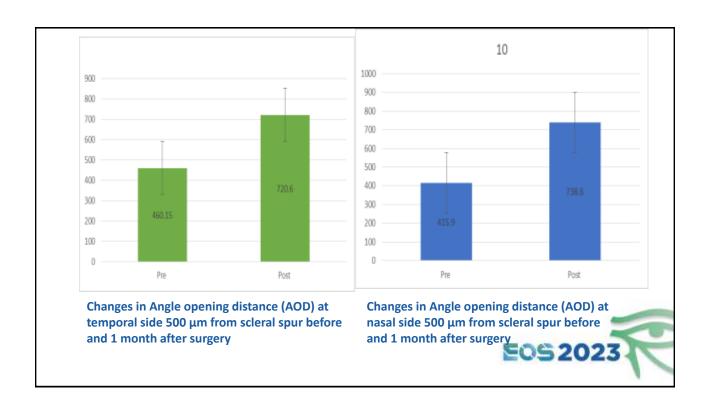
The scleral spur (SS) insertion landmark is located where the less reflective ciliary muscle contacts the more reflective sclera and angle parameters were automatically measured on the temporal and nasal side.

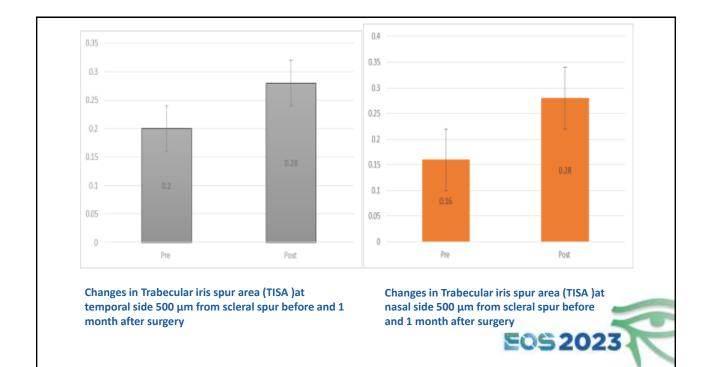




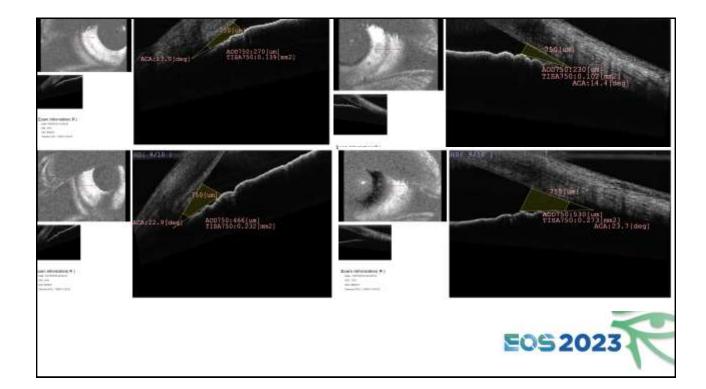


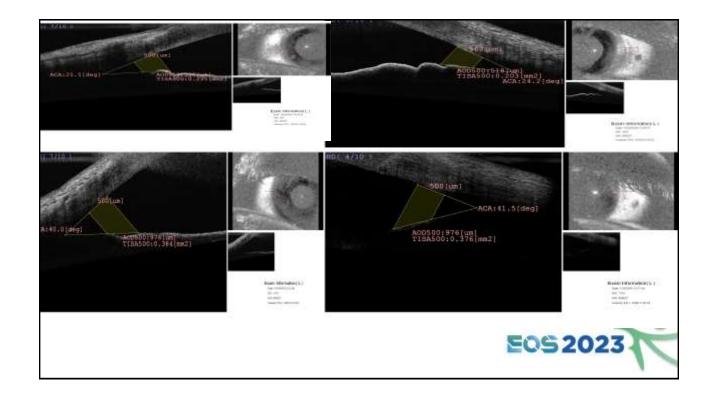








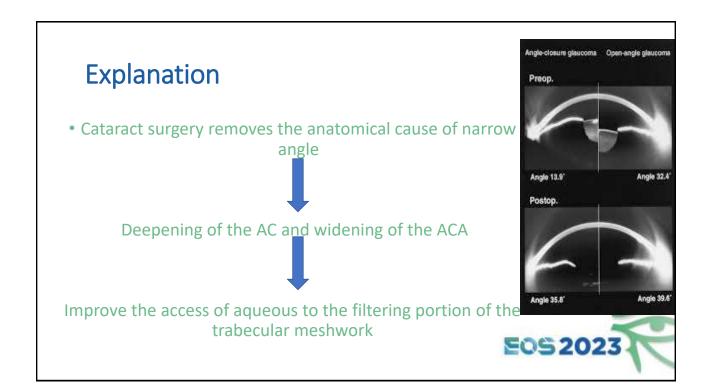


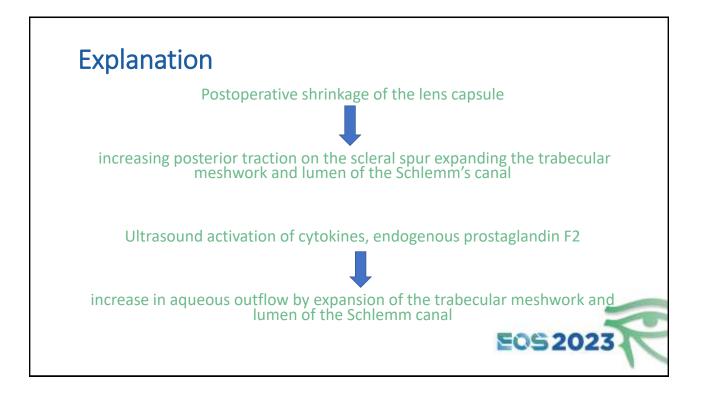


Phacoemulsification with IOL implantation results in

- Widening of the ACA based on quantitative assessment of ASOCT imaging.
- Significant lowering of IOP in patients with glaucoma and in patients without glaucoma.
- Greater IOP lowering with more ACA widening although it did not reach statistical significance in our study.







Other important parameters by AS OCT

- Central corneal thickness (CCT)
- Anterior chamber depth (ACD)
- anterior chamber width (ACW)
- anterior chamber volume (ACV)
- iris curvature (ICURVE)
- lens vault (LV (μm)

